



# **Regan Total Return Income Fund**

**Investor Class RCTR**

**Institutional Class RCIR**

## **PROSPECTUS**

January 31, 2026

**The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or determined if this Prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.**

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## REGAN TOTAL RETURN INCOME FUND SUMMARY SECTION

### Investment Objective

The Regan Total Return Income Fund (the “Total Return Fund” or the “Fund”) seeks to provide a high level of risk-adjusted current income and capital appreciation.

### Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and Example below.**

#### Annual Fund Operating Expenses

*(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)*

	Investor Class	Institutional Class
Management Fees	0.85%	0.85%
Distribution and Service (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.25%	None
Shareholder Servicing Fee	0.10%	0.10%
Other Expenses	0.11%	0.10%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.31%	1.05%
Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement <sup>(1)</sup>	-0.07%	-0.06%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement	1.24%	0.99%

- <sup>(1)</sup> Regan Capital, LLC (the “Advisor”) has contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse operating expenses (other than front-end or contingent deferred loads, taxes, interest expense, brokerage commissions, acquired fund fees and expenses, portfolio transaction expenses, dividends paid on short sales, extraordinary expenses, or Rule 12b-1 fees) for each class so that annual operating expenses will not exceed 0.99% of average daily net assets (“Expense Cap”). The Expense Cap will remain in effect through at least January 31, 2027 and may be terminated only by the Advisor Managed Portfolios (the “Trust”) Board of Trustees (the “Board”). The Advisor may request recoupment from the Fund of previously waived fees and paid expenses for three years from the date such fees and expenses were waived or paid, provided that such recoupment does not cause the Fund’s expense ratio (after the recoupment is taken into account) to exceed the lower of (1) the Expense Cap in place at the time such amounts were waived or paid or (2) the Expense Cap at the time of recoupment.

### Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The amounts calculated in the Example would be the same even if the assumed investment was not redeemed at the end of each period. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same (taking into account the Expense Cap only for the first year of each period). Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Investor Class	\$126	\$408	\$711	\$1,573
Institutional Class	\$101	\$328	\$574	\$1,277

### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected above in annual fund

operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 28% of the average value of its portfolio.

### **Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund**

Under normal circumstances, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets in mortgage-backed securities ("MBS"). MBS is a type of income-producing asset-backed debt secured by a mortgage or collection of mortgages and includes residential MBS ("RMBS"), which are securities issued, secured, or collateralized by government sponsored entities ("agency MBS") or private entities ("non-agency MBS") and backed by residential mortgages. In seeking to meet its objective, the Fund will primarily invest in RMBS that is non-agency MBS. Non-agency MBS are issued by non-governmental issuers such as commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, mortgage bankers, and private mortgage insurance companies. Some of the agency MBS that the Fund may hold are not guaranteed or backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government, such as those issued by Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac. The Fund seeks to invest its assets in investment grade securities, but may invest without limit in fixed-income products that are rated below investment grade (i.e., "high yield" or "junk" ratings).

The weighted average life of the Fund's MBS investments will generally range from between 0 and 10 years. Weighted average life is a measure of the average amount of time that unpaid principal on a loan, mortgage, or bond remains outstanding. Typically, the duration of the Fund's portfolio is less than 5 years. Duration is a measure of the sensitivity of a fixed-income security to a change in interest rate. For every 1% change in interest rates, a bond's price will change by 1% for every year of duration.

The Fund may invest in other fixed-income securities, including commercial MBS ("CMBS") and asset-backed securities (including securities backed by consumer credit, auto loans, and aircraft leases) ("ABS").

To the extent the Fund holds positions that are sensitive to interest rate volatility, the Fund may engage in hedging techniques to manage its exposure to interest rate risk such as by investing in exchange-traded and over-the-counter derivatives, including futures, options and swaps, such as interest rate swaps, credit default swaps, total return swaps, swaptions, and to-be-announced ("TBA") securities. The Fund may engage in leverage through the use of repurchase agreements or borrowing, subject to the limits of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act").

In selecting portfolio securities, the Advisor undertakes a bottom-up analysis on collateral characteristics and capital structure to find both deep value investments and trading opportunities. The Advisor's bottom-up analysis focuses on individual security selection. In seeking deep value investments, the Advisor seeks securities whose market price is significantly lower than the Advisor's estimate of the security's true value. The Advisor will overlay this analysis with a top-down macro qualitative analysis, which contains but is not limited to key factors, such as economic outlook, interest rates and real estate fundamentals. The Advisor regularly analyzes portfolio positions and actively sells investments that it believes are not optimal for the portfolio. The Advisor seeks to achieve a risk-adjusted return by continuously evaluating Fund assets against current risk-free rates of return of available bonds in the market, typically treasuries and other government-backed securities. A risk-adjusted return measures an investment's profit after taking into account the degree of risk that was taken to achieve it. For example, if two or more investments have the same return over a given time period, the one that has the lowest risk will have a better risk-adjusted return. The risk is measured in comparison to that of a virtually risk-free investment such as Treasuries. The Advisor's active management of the Fund's portfolio may result in high portfolio turnover rates of 100% or more.

### **Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund**

Losing all or a portion of your investment is a risk of investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit with a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Each risk summarized below is considered a principal risk of investing in the Fund, regardless of the order in which it appears, and could affect the value of your investment:

**Mortgage-Backed Securities Risk.** When interest rates increase, the market values of MBS decline. At the same time, however, mortgage refinancings and prepayments slow, which lengthens the effective duration of these securities. As a result, the negative effect of the interest rate increase on the market value of MBS is usually more pronounced than it is for other types of fixed income securities, potentially increasing the volatility of the Fund. Conversely, when market interest rates decline, while the value of MBS may increase, the rate of prepayment of the underlying mortgages also tends to increase, which shortens the effective duration of these securities. MBS are also subject to the risk that underlying borrowers will be unable to meet their obligations and the value of property that secures the mortgage may decline in value and be insufficient, upon foreclosure, to repay the associated loan. Additionally, the liquidity of non-investment grade securities and sub-prime mortgage securities can change dramatically over time.

**Credit Risk.** There is a risk that the issuer of an MBS will fail to pay interest or principal in a timely manner or that changes in the market's perceptions of the issuer's financial strength and ability to make such payments will cause the price of that security to decline.

**Interest Rate Risk.** Interest rates increasing may result in a decrease in the value of debt securities held by the Fund. Conversely, as interest rates decrease, mortgage-backed securities' prices typically do not rise as much as the prices of comparable bonds. The Fund may be subject to heightened levels of interest rate risk because the Federal Reserve may raise interest rates. An environment with rising interest rates may lead to a decrease in the price of MBS or the increase in defaults on mortgages.

**Prepayment Risk.** When interest rates fall, certain obligations may be paid off by the obligor earlier than expected by refinancing their mortgages, resulting in prepayment of the mortgage-backed securities held by the Fund. The Fund would then lose any price appreciation above the mortgage's principal and would have to reinvest the proceeds at lower yields, resulting in a decline in the Fund's income.

**Extension Risk.** When interest rates rise, homeowners may pay their debt at slower rates, resulting in lengthening the average life of mortgage-backed securities held by the Fund. This would delay the Fund's ability to reinvest proceeds at higher interest rates.

**Real Estate and Regulatory Actions Risk.** MBS are dependent on real estate prices and real estate fundamentals. When real estate prices face a significant decline, the Fund's securities may be negatively affected. Regulatory actions may also have an adverse impact on real estate prices.

**Derivatives Risk.** Using derivatives can increase the Fund's losses and reduce opportunities for gains when market prices, interest rates, currencies, or the derivatives themselves, behave in a way not anticipated by the Fund. Using derivatives also can have a leveraging effect and increase Fund volatility. Certain derivatives have the potential for unlimited loss, regardless of the size of the initial investment. Derivatives may be difficult to sell, unwind or value, and the counterparty may default on its obligations to the Fund. Derivatives are generally subject to the risks applicable to the assets, rates, indices or other indicators underlying the derivative. The value of a derivative may fluctuate more than the underlying assets, rates, indices or other indicators to which it relates. Use of derivatives may have different tax consequences for the Fund than an investment in the underlying security, and those differences may affect the amount, timing and character of income distributed to shareholders.

Rule 18f-4 under the 1940 Act provides a comprehensive regulatory framework for the use of derivatives by funds and imposes requirements and restrictions on funds using derivatives. The rule may affect the availability, liquidity or performance of derivatives, and may not effectively limit the risk of loss from derivatives.

***Futures Contract Risk.*** The primary risks associated with the use of futures contracts are (a) the imperfect correlation between the change in market value of the instruments held by the Fund and the price of the forward or futures contract; (b) possible lack of a liquid secondary market for a forward or futures contract and the resulting inability to close a forward or futures contract when desired; (c) losses caused by unanticipated market movements, which are potentially unlimited; (d) the Advisor's inability to predict correctly the direction of securities prices, interest rates, currency exchange rates and other economic factors; (e) the possibility that the counterparty will default in the performance of its obligations; and (f) if the Fund has insufficient cash, it may have to sell securities from its portfolio to meet daily variation margin requirements, and the Fund may have to sell securities at a time when it may be disadvantageous to do so.

***Options Risk.*** Purchasing and writing options, both put and call, are specialized activities that entail greater than normal investment risks. The Fund may not benefit to the same extent as directly holding the underlying asset. The Fund may also lose money on an option if changes in its value do not correspond to the changes in value of the underlying security. If the Fund is not able to close out an option position in its portfolio, it may have to exercise the option to realize any gain and may incur transaction costs upon the purchase or sale of such underlying securities. Some options involve the payment of premiums which may affect Fund performance. If the Fund invests in over-the-counter options, the Fund may be exposed to counterparty risk.

***Swaps Risk.*** Swaps involve the risk that the party with whom the Fund has entered into the swap transaction with defaults on its obligation to pay or that the Fund cannot meet its obligation to the pay the other party. Swap agreements may increase or decrease the overall volatility of the Fund's investments and share price. To the extent the swap agreement increases the Fund's exposure to long or short term interest rates, it may also affect the values of MBS, and inflation sensitivity, and borrowing rates.

***To Be Announced ("TBA") Security Risk.*** A TBA is a contract to purchase or sell a MBS at some point in the future and may be classified as a derivative in certain circumstances. Due to the forward-settling nature of TBAs, there is risk that the value of the underlying MBS will fluctuate greater than anticipated or that the TBA may not correlate to the underlying MBS or to the MBS market as a whole. There is also counterparty risk with entering into a TBA contract.

***Leverage Risk.*** Derivative instruments provide the economic effect of financial leverage by creating additional investment exposure, as well as the potential for greater loss. If the Fund uses leverage through derivative instruments, the Fund has the risk of losing more than its original investment. The net asset value ("NAV") of the Fund when employing leverage will be more volatile and sensitive to market movements.

***High-Yield Securities Risk.*** Fixed income securities that are rated below investment grade (*i.e.*, "junk bonds") are subject to additional risk factors due to the speculative nature of these securities, such as increased possibility of default, and changes in value based on public perception of the issuer.

***Sub-Prime Mortgage Risk.*** Sub-prime mortgages face the risk that the issuer of the security will default on interest or principal payments. The risk of non-payment is more pronounced in sub-prime mortgages than in highly ranked securities. Because there is increased risk of non-payment, the securities may be less liquid and subject to greater declines in value than highly rated instruments, especially in times of market stress.

***Counterparty Risk.*** Typically, a derivative contract involves leverage, *i.e.*, it provides exposure to potential gain or loss from a change in the level of the market price of a security, currency or commodity (or a basket or index) in a notional amount that exceeds the amount of cash or assets required to establish or maintain the derivative contract. Many of these derivative contracts, including options and swaps, will be privately negotiated in the over-the-counter market. Fund transactions involving a counterparty are subject to the risk that the counterparty or a third party will not fulfill its obligation to the Fund. Counterparty risk may arise because of the counterparty's financial condition (*i.e.*, financial difficulties, bankruptcy, or insolvency), market activities and developments, or

other reasons, whether foreseen or not. A counterparty's inability to fulfill its obligation may result in significant financial loss to the Fund.

**Asset-Backed Securities Risk.** ABS represent participations in, or are secured by and payable from, assets such as installment sales or loan contracts, leases, credit card receivables and other categories of receivables. Certain debt instruments may only pay principal at maturity or may only represent the right to receive payments of principal or payments of interest on underlying pools of mortgages, assets or government securities, but not both. The value of these types of instruments may change more drastically than debt securities that pay both principal and interest. The Fund may obtain a below market yield or incur a loss on such instruments during periods of declining interest rates. Principal only and interest only instruments are subject to extension risk. Certain ABS may provide, upon the occurrence of certain triggering events or defaults, for the investors to become the holders of the underlying assets. In that case, the Fund may become the holder of securities that it could not otherwise purchase, based on its investment strategies or its investment restrictions and limitations, at a time when such securities may be difficult to dispose of because of adverse market conditions.

**U.S. Government Securities Risk.** U.S. government securities, which may be backed by the U.S. Department of the Treasury or the full faith and credit of the U.S., and may include U.S. Treasury bills, Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities, notes and bonds, are guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity. The market prices for such securities are not guaranteed and will fluctuate. Certain U.S. government agency securities are backed by the right of the issuer to borrow from the U.S. Department of the Treasury, or are supported only by the credit of the issuing agency or instrumentality, and in some cases there may be some risk of default by the issuer.

**Repurchase Agreement Risk.** A repurchase agreement involves the risk that the seller of securities under a repurchase agreement files for bankruptcy or becomes insolvent and the Fund is left holding a security that has declined in value, does not meet its investment strategy, or is difficult to dispose. The Fund may incur costs in disposing of the underlying security and may experience losses if there is any delay in its ability to do so and the value of your investment could decline as a result.

**Portfolio Turnover Risk.** As a result of its active trading strategy, the Fund may incur higher levels of brokerage fees and commissions, and cause higher levels of current tax liability to shareholders in the Fund.

**Liquidity Risk.** Certain of the Fund's investments in closed-end funds, sub-prime mortgages, CLOs, asset backed securities, and non-investment grade securities (including non-investment grade MBS) may not be readily sold at the desired time or price, and may be sold at a lower price or may not have a sufficient market to be sold at all. In certain circumstances, it may be difficult for the Fund to purchase and sell particular portfolio investments in closed-end funds due to infrequent trading in such investments. Markets may become illiquid when, for instance, there are few, if any, interested buyers or sellers or when dealers are unwilling or unable to make a market for certain securities. The prices of such investments may experience significant volatility, make it more difficult for the Fund to transact significant amounts of such investments without an unfavorable impact on prevailing market prices. Closed-end funds that are liquid investments may become illiquid or less liquid after purchase by the Fund, particularly during periods of market turmoil or economic uncertainty. Illiquid and relatively less liquid investments may be difficult to value.

**Management Risk.** The skill of the Advisor will play a significant role in the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective. The Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective depends on the ability of the Advisor to correctly identify economic trends, especially with regard to accurately forecasting inflationary and deflationary periods. The Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective depends on the ability of the Advisor to select securities, especially in volatile markets and the Advisor could be incorrect in its analysis of industries, companies, and the relative attractiveness of securities.

**Market Risk.** Financial market risks affect the value of individual instruments in which the Fund invests. When the value of the Fund's investments goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value and you could lose money. Factors such as economic growth and market conditions, interest rates, and political events affect the markets. Periods of market volatility may occur in response to local, regional, and global market events and other



economic, political, and global macro factors (for example, a global pandemic, government deficits and debt, military conflicts, inflation, tariffs, sanctions, and recessions). These and other events could be prolonged and could adversely affect the value and liquidity of the Fund's investments, impair the Fund's ability to satisfy redemption requests, and negatively impact the Fund's performance.

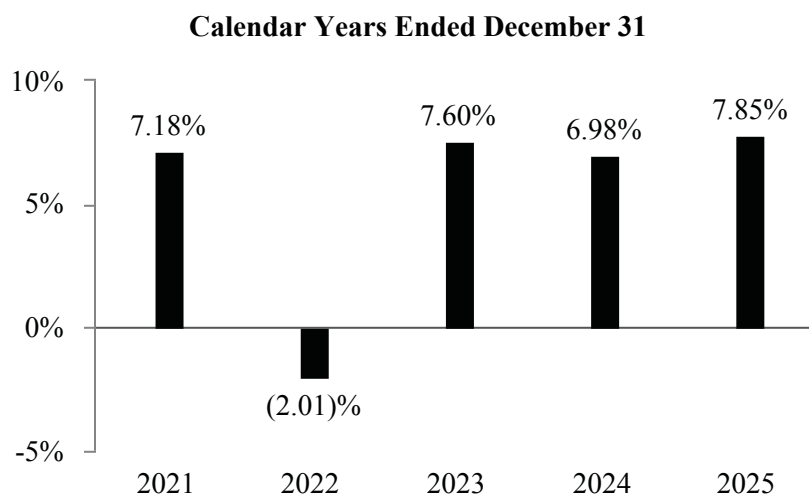
Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected. As a result, whether or not the Fund invests in securities of issuers located in or with significant exposure to countries experiencing economic and financial difficulties, the value and liquidity of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected.

**Cybersecurity Risk.** Cybersecurity incidents may allow an unauthorized party to gain access to Fund assets, customer data (including private shareholder information), or proprietary information, or cause the Fund, the Advisor and/or its other service providers (including, but not limited to, fund accountants, custodians, sub-custodians, transfer agents and financial intermediaries) to suffer data breaches, data corruption or lose operational functionality.

## Performance

The bar chart and table provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance. The Fund has adopted the historical performance of the Regan Total Return Income Fund, a series of the Trust for Advised Portfolios (the "Predecessor Fund"), as a result of the reorganization of the Predecessor Fund into the Fund on January 19, 2024 (the "Reorganization"). Prior to the Reorganization, the Fund was a "shell" fund with no assets and had not yet commenced operations. The Predecessor Fund was also advised by the Advisor and had the same investment objective and strategies as the Fund. The performance information presented for periods prior to January 19, 2024 is the performance of the Predecessor Fund.

The bar chart shows the Fund's and Predecessor Fund's performance from year to year for Institutional Class shares. The table illustrates how the Fund's and Predecessor Fund's average annual returns for the periods indicated compare with those of a broad measure of market performance. The Fund's and Predecessor Fund's past performance, before and after taxes, does not necessarily indicate how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is posted on the Fund's website at [www.reganfunds.com](http://www.reganfunds.com) or by calling the Fund toll-free at 888-44-REGAN (888-447-3426).



During the period of time shown in the bar chart, the Fund's highest quarterly return was 3.64% for the quarter ended December 31, 2023 and the lowest quarterly return was -1.78% for the quarter ended June 30, 2022.



**Average Annual Total Returns**  
**For the Periods Ended December 31, 2025**

	<b>1 Year</b>	<b>5 Year</b>	<b>Since Inception October 1, 2020</b>
<b>Institutional Class</b>			
Return Before Taxes	7.85%	5.45%	6.83%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	5.52%	3.01%	4.09%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	4.69%	3.11%	4.05%
<b>Investor Class</b>			
Return Before Taxes	7.53%	5.19%	6.57%
<b>Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index</b> (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	7.30%	-0.36%	-0.23%

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates during the period covered by the table above and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as an individual retirement account ("IRA") or other tax-advantaged accounts. In certain cases, the figure representing "Return after Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares" may be higher than other return figures for the same period. A higher after-tax return results when a capital loss occurs upon redemption and provides an assumed tax deduction that benefits the investor. After-tax returns are shown only for the Institutional Class; after-tax returns for the Investor Class will vary.

**Management**

*Investment Advisor:* Regan Capital, LLC serves as the Fund's investment advisor.

*Portfolio Managers:* Skyler Weinand, CFA and Chris Hall serve as the portfolio managers and are jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund and have acted in this capacity for the Fund since its inception in January 2024 and the Predecessor Fund since its inception in October 2020.

**Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

You may purchase or redeem Fund shares on any business day by written request via mail to Regan Total Return Income Fund, c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services, P.O. Box 219252, Kansas City, MO 64121-9252, by telephone at 888-44-REGAN (888-447-3426), by wire transfer, or through a financial intermediary. Investors who wish to purchase or redeem Fund shares through a financial intermediary should contact the financial intermediary directly. The minimum initial and subsequent investment amounts are shown below. The minimum initial and subsequent investment may be modified for certain financial firms that submit orders on behalf of their customers.

	<b>Investor Class</b>	<b>Institutional Class</b>
Minimum Initial Investment	\$1,000	\$100,000
Minimum Subsequent Investment	\$100	\$500

**Tax Information**

The Fund's distributions are taxable, and will be taxed as ordinary income, qualified dividend income or capital gains, unless you invest through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an IRA. Distributions on investments made through tax-advantaged arrangements may be taxed later upon withdrawal of assets from those accounts.

**Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries**

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary, the Fund and/or the Advisor may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## **INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES, PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND PRINCIPAL RISKS**

### **Investment Objective**

The Fund seeks to provide a high level of risk-adjusted current income and capital appreciation. The Fund's objective is not fundamental and may be changed without shareholder approval. The Fund will provide shareholders at least 60 days prior notice of a change to its objective.

### **Principal Investment Strategies**

Under normal circumstances, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets in MBS. MBS is a type of income-producing asset-backed debt secured by a mortgage or collection of mortgages and includes residential MBS ("RMBS"), which are securities issued, secured, or collateralized by government sponsored entities ("agency MBS") or private entities ("non-agency MBS") and backed by residential mortgages. MBS also include pass-throughs (a security that is created when mortgage holders create a pool of mortgages and sell shares in the pool), reverse mortgages, collateralized mortgage obligations, real estate mortgage investment conduits ("REMICs"), and derivative MBS, such as interest-only, principal-only, floaters, inverse floaters, and other synthetic mortgage products. In seeking to meet its objective, the Fund will primarily invest in RMBS that is non-agency MBS. Non-agency MBS are issued by non-governmental issuers such as commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, mortgage bankers, and private mortgage insurance companies. Some of the agency MBS that the Fund may hold are not guaranteed or backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government, such as those issued by Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac. The Fund seeks to invest its assets in investment grade securities, but may invest without limit in fixed-income products that are rated below investment grade (i.e., "high yield" or "junk" ratings).

The weighted average life of the Fund's MBS investments will generally range from between 0 and 10 years. Weighted average life is a measure of the average amount of time that unpaid principal on a loan, mortgage, or bond remains outstanding. Typically, the duration of the Fund's portfolio is less than 5 years. Duration is a measure of the sensitivity of a fixed-income security to a change in interest rate. For every 1% change in interest rates, a bond's price will change by 1% for every year of duration. For example, if an MBS has a duration of 5 years and interest rates increase by 1%, the value of that MBS can be expected to decrease by 5%.

The Fund may invest in other fixed-income securities including CMBS and ABS (including securities backed by consumer credit, auto loans, and aircraft leases).

To the extent the Fund holds positions that are sensitive to interest rate volatility, the Fund may engage in hedging techniques to manage its exposure to interest rate risk such as by investing in exchange-traded and over-the-counter derivatives, including futures, options and swaps, such as interest rate swaps, credit default swaps, total return swaps, swaptions, and TBA securities. When buying or selling credit default swaps, the Fund will maintain appropriate asset coverage up to the full notional value of the credit default swap. The Fund may engage in leverage through the use of repurchase agreements or borrowing, subject to the limits of the 1940 Act.

In selecting portfolio securities, the Advisor undertakes a bottom-up analysis on collateral characteristics and capital structure to find both deep value investments and trading opportunities. The Advisor's bottom-up analysis focuses on individual security selection by focusing on the fundamentals of the individual securities and their issuer. In seeking deep value investments, the Advisor seeks securities whose market price is significantly lower than the Advisor's estimate of the security's true value. The Advisor will overlay this analysis with a top-down macro qualitative analysis, which contains but is not limited to key factors, such as economic outlook, interest rates and real estate fundamentals. The Advisor may look to domestic macroeconomic factors, including local, regional, and national real estate trends. The Advisor may also look to other economic trends that tend to have a direct or indirect impact on security selection. The Advisor regularly analyzes portfolio positions based on the above-mentioned factors. If the Advisor believes a security is no longer optimal for the portfolio, the Advisor will sell the investment and replace it with a new security that it believes offers a better relative value and/or expected performance. The Advisor also will sell securities that it perceives to have reached their expected price or

valuation. The Advisor's active management of the Fund's portfolio may result in high portfolio turnover rates of 100% or more.

The Advisor seeks to achieve a risk-adjusted return by continuously evaluating Fund assets against current risk-free rates of return. The Advisor analyzes the risk-free rate of return by comparing the returns and the risk of a position against that of available bonds in the market, typically treasuries and other government-backed securities. A risk-adjusted return measures an investment's profit after taking into account the degree of risk that was taken to achieve it. For example, if two or more investments have the same return over a given time period, the one that has the lowest risk will have a better risk-adjusted return. The risk is measured in comparison to that of a virtually risk-free investment such as Treasuries.

In response to temporary adverse market, economic, political or other conditions, the Fund may invest up to 100% of its assets in Treasuries, agency- and government-backed positions, and cash and cash equivalents. When the Fund takes such temporary defensive positions, it may not achieve its investment objective.

### **Principal Risks**

Losing all or a portion of your investment is a risk of investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit with a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Each risk discussed below is considered a principal risk of investing in the Fund, regardless of the order in which it appears and could affect the value of your investment:

**Mortgage-Backed Securities Risk.** When interest rates increase, the market values of MBS decline. At the same time, however, mortgage refinancings and prepayments slow, which lengthens the effective duration of these securities. As a result, the negative effect of the interest rate increase on the market value of MBS is usually more pronounced than it is for other types of fixed income securities, potentially increasing the volatility of the Fund. Conversely, when market interest rates decline, while the value of MBS may increase, the rate of prepayment of the underlying mortgages also tends to increase, which shortens the effective duration of these securities. Additionally, the liquidity of non-investment grade securities and sub-prime mortgage securities can change dramatically over time.

Delinquencies and defaults by the underlying borrowers in payments on the underlying mortgages, and the related losses, are affected by general economic conditions, the underlying borrower's equity in the mortgaged property and the underlying borrower's financial circumstances, which can result in the underlying borrowers being unable to meet their obligations and the value of property that secures the mortgage may decline in value and be insufficient, upon foreclosure, to repay the associated loan. The rate of delinquencies and defaults and the amount of the resulting losses depend on a number of factors, including general economic conditions, particularly those in the area where the related mortgaged property is located, the level of the underlying borrower's equity in the mortgaged property and the individual financial circumstances of the underlying borrower.

**Credit Risk.** There is a risk that the issuer of an MBS may experience unanticipated financial problems causing their securities to decline in value. Changes in the market's perception of the issuer's financial strength or in a security's credit rating, which reflects a third party's assessment of the credit risk presented by a particular issuer, may affect debt securities' value. The value of an MBS is influenced by the factors affecting the housing market or the other assets underlying such securities. As a result, during periods of declining asset values, difficult or frozen credit markets, significant changes in interest rates, or deteriorating economic conditions, MBS may decline in value, face valuation difficulties, become more volatile and/or become illiquid. In addition, the Fund is subject to the risk that the issuer of a fixed income security will fail to make timely payments of interest or principal, or may stop making such payments altogether.

**Interest Rate Risk.** Interest rate changes can be sudden and unpredictable, and are influenced by a number of factors, including government policy, monetary policy, inflation expectations, perceptions of risk, and supply and demand for bonds. When interest rates increase this may result in a decrease in the value of debt securities held by the Fund. Conversely, as interest rates decrease, MBS prices typically do not rise as much as the prices of comparable bonds. Changes in government intervention may have adverse effects on investments, volatility, and illiquidity in debt markets. The Fund may be subject to heightened levels of interest rate risk because the Federal

Reserve may raise interest rates. An environment with rising interest rates may lead to a decrease in the price of MBS or the increase in defaults on mortgages.

**Prepayment Risk.** Many issuers have a right to prepay their obligations. When interest rates decline, issuers may be more likely to pay off obligations earlier than expected by refinancing their mortgages, resulting in prepayment of the mortgage-backed securities held by the Fund. The Fund would not benefit from the rise in the market price of the securities that normally accompanies a decline in interest rates, would then lose any price appreciation above the mortgage's principal and would have to reinvest the proceeds at lower yields, resulting in a decline in the Fund's income. Prepayment reduces the yield to maturity and the average life of the security.

**Extension Risk.** When interest rates rise, certain obligations may be paid off by the obligor at slower rates, resulting in lengthening the average life of MBS held by the Fund and the Fund receiving principal later than expected which can cause additional volatility. This would delay the Fund's ability to reinvest proceeds at higher interest rates. Rising interest rates tend to extend the duration of securities, making them more sensitive to future changes in interest rates. As a result, in a period of rising interest rates, securities may exhibit additional volatility and may lose value.

**Real Estate and Regulatory Actions Risk.** The value of real estate securities may be affected by risks similar to those associated with direct ownership of real estate such as declines in the value of real estate, overbuilding, rising operating costs, interest rates and property taxes. MBS are dependent on real estate prices and real estate fundamentals. When real estate prices face a significant decline, the Fund's securities may be negatively affected. Regulatory actions such as taxation, zoning laws, regulatory limitations on rents, property taxes and operating expenses may also have an adverse impact on real estate prices.

**Derivatives Risk.** The use of derivative instruments exposes the Fund to additional risks and transaction costs. A risk of the Fund's use of derivatives is that the fluctuations in their values may not correlate perfectly with the overall securities markets.

Rule 18f-4 under the 1940 Act provides a comprehensive regulatory framework for the use of derivatives by funds and imposes requirements and restrictions on funds using derivatives. The rule may affect the availability, liquidity or performance of derivatives, and may not effectively limit the risk of loss from derivatives.

**Futures Contract Risk.** The primary risks associated with the use of futures contracts are (a) the imperfect correlation between the change in market value of the instruments held by the Fund and the price of the forward or futures contract; (b) possible lack of a liquid secondary market for a forward or futures contract and the resulting inability to close a forward or futures contract when desired; (c) losses caused by unanticipated market movements, which are potentially unlimited; (d) the Advisor's inability to predict correctly the direction of securities prices, interest rates, currency exchange rates and other economic factors; (e) the possibility that the counterparty will default in the performance of its obligations; and (f) if the Fund has insufficient cash, it may have to sell securities from its portfolio to meet daily variation margin requirements, and the Fund may have to sell securities at a time when it may be disadvantageous to do so.

**Options Risk.** Purchasing and writing options, both put and call, are specialized activities that entail greater than normal investment risks. The Fund may not benefit to the same extent as directly holding the underlying asset. The Fund may also lose money on an option if changes in its value do not correspond to the changes in value of the underlying security. If the Fund is not able to close out an option position in its portfolio, it may have to exercise the option to realize any gain and may incur transaction costs upon the purchase or sale of such underlying securities. Some options involve the payment of premiums which may affect Fund performance. If the Fund invests in over-the-counter options, the Fund may be exposed to counterparty risk.

**Swaps Risk.** Swaps involve the risk that the party with whom the Fund has entered into the swap transaction with defaults on its obligation to pay or that the Fund cannot meet its obligation to pay the other party. To the extent the swap agreement increases the Fund's exposure to long or short term interest

rates, it may also affect the values of mortgage-backed securities, and inflation sensitivity, and borrowing rates.

**To Be Announced Security Risk.** A TBA is a contract to purchase or sell a MBS at some point in the future and may be classified as a derivative in certain circumstances. Due to the forward-settling nature of TBAs, there is risk that the value of the underlying MBS will fluctuate greater than anticipated or that the TBA may not correlate to the underlying MBS or to the MBS market as a whole. There is also counterparty risk with entering into a TBA contract.

**Leverage Risk.** Derivative instruments provide the economic effect of financial leverage by creating additional investment exposure, as well as the potential for greater loss. If the Fund uses leverage through derivative instruments, the Fund has the risk of losing more than its original investment. The NAV of the Fund when employing leverage will be more volatile and sensitive to market movements. The use of leverage may cause the Fund to liquidate portfolio positions when it would not be advantageous to do so in order to satisfy its obligations. The use of leverage may also cause the Fund to have higher expenses than those of funds that do not use such techniques.

**High-Yield Securities Risk.** Fixed income securities receiving below investment grade ratings (*i.e.*, “junk bonds”) may have speculative characteristics, and, compared to higher-grade securities, may have a weakened capacity to make principal and interest payments in economic conditions or other circumstances. High-yield, high risk, and lower-rated securities are subject to additional risk factors due to the speculative nature of these securities, such as increased possibility of default, decreased liquidity, and fluctuations in value due to public perception of the issuer of such securities. These bonds are almost always uncollateralized and subordinate to other debt that an issuer may have outstanding. In addition, both individual high-yield securities and the entire high-yield bond market can experience sharp price swings due to a variety of factors, including changes in economic forecasts, stock market activity, large sustained sales by major investors or a higher profile default.

**Sub-Prime Mortgage Risk.** Sub-prime mortgages face the risk that the issuer of the security will default on interest or principal payments. Sub-prime borrowers typically have weakened credit histories that include payment delinquencies, and possibly more severe problems such as charge-offs, judgments and bankruptcies. The risk of non-payment is more pronounced in sub-prime mortgages than in highly ranked securities. Because there is increased risk of non-payment, the securities may be less liquid and subject to greater declines in value than highly rated instruments, especially in times of market stress. An economic downturn or period of rising interest rates could adversely affect the market for sub-prime notes and reduce the Fund's ability to sell these securities. Additionally, borrowers may seek bankruptcy protection which would delay resolution of security holder claims and may eliminate or materially reduce liquidity.

**Counterparty Risk.** Typically, a derivative contract involves leverage, *i.e.*, it provides exposure to potential gain or loss from a change in the level of the market price of a security, currency or commodity (or a basket or index) in a notional amount that exceeds the amount of cash or assets required to establish or maintain the derivative contract. Many of these derivative contracts, including options and swaps, will be privately negotiated in the over-the-counter market. Fund transactions involving a counterparty are subject to the risk that the counterparty or a third party will not fulfill its obligation to the Fund. Counterparty risk may arise because of the counterparty's financial condition (*i.e.*, financial difficulties, bankruptcy, or insolvency), market activities and developments, or other reasons, whether foreseen or not. As a result of counterparty's inability to fulfill its obligation, the Fund may obtain no or limited recovery of its investment, and any recovery may be significantly delayed which may result in significant financial loss to the Fund. Further, there is a risk that no suitable counterparties are willing to enter into, or continue to enter into, transactions with the Fund and, as a result, the Fund may not be able to achieve its investment objective.

**Asset-Backed Securities Risk.** ABS represent participations in, or are secured by and payable from, assets such as installment sales or loan contracts, leases, credit card receivables and other categories of receivables. Certain debt instruments may only pay principal at maturity or may only represent the right to receive payments of principal or payments of interest on underlying pools of mortgages, assets or government securities, but not both. The value of these types of instruments may change more drastically than debt securities that pay both principal



and interest. The Fund may obtain a below market yield or incur a loss on such instruments during periods of declining interest rates. Principal only and interest only instruments are subject to extension risk. Certain ABS may provide, upon the occurrence of certain triggering events or defaults, for the investors to become the holders of the underlying assets. In that case, the Fund may become the holder of securities that it could not otherwise purchase, based on its investment strategies or its investment restrictions and limitations, at a time when such securities may be difficult to dispose of because of adverse market conditions. In addition, asset-backed securities have prepayment risks similar to those of MBS, may face valuation difficulties and may be less liquid.

**U.S. Government Securities Risk.** U.S. government securities are obligations of, or guaranteed by, the U.S. Government, its agencies or government-sponsored entities. Certain U.S. government securities are backed by the U.S. Department of the Treasury or the full faith and credit of the United States and may include U.S. Treasury bills, Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities, notes and bonds. Such securities are guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity. U.S. government securities include issues by non-governmental entities (like financial institutions) that carry direct guarantees from U.S. government agencies as part of government initiatives in response to the market crisis or otherwise. Although the U.S. Government guarantees principal and interest payments on securities issued by the U.S. Government and some of its agencies, such as securities issued by the Ginnie Mae, this guarantee does not apply to losses resulting from declines in the market value of these securities. Some of the U.S. Government securities that the Fund may hold are not guaranteed or backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government, such as those issued by Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac. The total public debt of the United States as a percentage of gross domestic product has grown rapidly since the beginning of the 2008–2009 financial downturn. Although high debt levels do not necessarily indicate or cause economic problems, they may create certain systemic risks if sound debt management practices are not implemented. A high national debt can raise concerns that the U.S. Government will not be able to make principal or interest payments when they are due. This increase has also necessitated the need for the U.S. Congress to negotiate adjustments to the statutory debt ceiling to increase the cap on the amount the U.S. government is permitted to borrow to meet its existing obligations and finance current budget deficits. On June 3, 2023, the Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023 was signed into law, which suspends the limit on federal debt through January 1, 2025. Any controversy or ongoing uncertainty regarding the statutory debt ceiling negotiations may impact the U.S. long-term sovereign credit rating and may cause market uncertainty. As a result, market prices and yields of securities supported by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government may be adversely affected. On August 1, 2023, the credit rating agency Fitch Ratings downgraded U.S. Treasuries to AA+ from AAA.

**Repurchase Agreement Risk.** A repurchase agreement involves the risk that the seller of securities under a repurchase agreement files for bankruptcy or becomes insolvent and the Fund is left holding a security that has declined in value, does not meet its investment strategy, or is difficult to dispose. The Fund may incur costs in disposing of the underlying security and may experience losses if there is any delay in its ability to do so and the value of your investment could decline as a result.

**Portfolio Turnover Risk.** As a result of its active trading strategy, the Fund may incur higher levels of brokerage fees and commissions, which could reduce performance. High portfolio turnover also may generate net short-term capital gains distributions, which could also cause higher levels of current tax liability to shareholders in the Fund.

**Liquidity Risk.** Certain of the Fund's investments in closed-end funds, sub-prime mortgages, CLOs, asset backed securities, and non-investment grade securities (including non-investment grade MBS) may not be readily sold at the desired time or price, and may be sold at a lower price or may not have a sufficient market to be sold at all. In certain circumstances, it may be difficult for the Fund to purchase and sell particular portfolio investments in closed-end funds due to infrequent trading in such investments. Markets may become illiquid when, for instance, there are few, if any, interested buyers or sellers or when dealers are unwilling or unable to make a market for certain securities. The prices of such investments may experience significant volatility, make it more difficult for the Fund to transact significant amounts of such investments without an unfavorable impact on prevailing market prices. Closed-end funds that are liquid investments may become illiquid or less liquid after purchase by the Fund, particularly during periods of market turmoil or economic uncertainty. Illiquid and relatively less liquid investments may be harder to value.



**Management Risk.** The skill of the Advisor will play a significant role in the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective. The Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective depends on the ability of the Advisor to correctly identify economic trends, especially with regard to accurately forecasting inflationary and deflationary periods. The Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective depends on the ability of the Advisor to select securities, especially in volatile markets and the Advisor could be incorrect in its analysis of industries, companies, and the relative attractiveness of securities.

**Market Risk.** Market risks, including political, regulatory, market, and economic or other developments, and developments that impact specific economic sectors, industries or segments of the market, can affect the value of the Fund's shares. Local, regional, or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, natural disasters, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues, recessions, or other events could have a significant impact on the market generally and on specific securities. The Fund is subject to the risk that the prices of, and the income generated by, securities held by the Fund may decline significantly and/or rapidly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, general economic and market conditions, or other developments, such as regional or global economic instability (including terrorism and related geopolitical risks), interest rate fluctuations, and those events directly involving the issuers that may cause broad changes in market value, public perceptions concerning these developments, and adverse investor sentiment. Such events may cause the value of securities owned by the Fund to go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. Changes in the economic climate, investor perceptions and stock market volatility also can cause the prices of the Fund's investments to decline regardless of the conditions of the issuers held by the Fund. There is also a risk that policy changes by the U.S. Government and/or Federal Reserve (for example, relating to interest rates or trade) could cause increased volatility in financial markets and higher levels of Fund redemptions, which could have a negative impact on the Fund. These events may lead to periods of volatility and increased redemptions, which could cause the Fund to experience a loss when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent.

Prices may fluctuate widely over short or extended periods in response to company, market or economic news. Markets also tend to move in cycles, with periods of rising and falling prices. If there is a general decline in the securities and other markets, your investment in the Fund may lose value, regardless of the individual results of the securities and other instruments in which the Fund invests.

Policy and legislative changes in the United States and in other countries are affecting many aspects of financial regulation, and may in some instances contribute to decreased liquidity and increased volatility in the financial markets. The impact of these changes on the markets, and the practical implications for market participants, may not be fully known for some time.

Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected. As a result, whether or not the Fund invests in securities of issuers located in or with significant exposure to countries experiencing economic and financial difficulties, the value and liquidity of the Fund's investments may be negatively affected.

Periods of market volatility may occur in response to pandemics, acts of war, or events affecting global markets. The COVID-19 pandemic, Russia's invasion of Ukraine, and higher inflation have resulted in extreme volatility in the financial markets, economic downturns around the world, and severe losses, particularly to some sectors of the economy and individual issuers, and reduced liquidity of certain instruments. These events have caused significant disruptions to business operations, including business closures; strained healthcare systems; disruptions to supply chains and employee availability; large fluctuations in consumer demand; large expansion of government deficits and debt as a result of government actions to mitigate the effects of such events; and widespread uncertainty regarding the long-term effects of such events. Such events could be prolonged and could adversely affect the value and liquidity of the Fund's investments, impair the Fund's ability to satisfy redemption requests, and negatively impact the Fund's performance. Other market events may cause similar disruptions and effects. Investments in Russian securities may also require the Fund to write-down such positions.

**Cybersecurity Risk.** Cybersecurity incidents may allow an unauthorized party to gain access to Fund assets, customer data (including private shareholder information), or proprietary information, or cause the Fund, the

Advisor and/or its service providers (including, but not limited to, fund accountants, custodians, sub-custodians, transfer agents and Financial Intermediaries) to suffer data breaches, data corruption or lose operational functionality.

Cybersecurity risks are also present for issuers of securities or other assets in which the Fund invests, which could result in material adverse consequences for such issuers and may cause the Fund's investments to lose value. Cyber incidents can result from deliberate attacks or unintentional events. They include, but are not limited to, gaining unauthorized access to systems, misappropriating assets or sensitive information, corrupting or destroying data, and causing operational disruption. Geopolitical tensions may increase the scale and sophistication of deliberate attacks, particularly those from nation-states or from entities with nation-state backing.

Cybersecurity incidents may cause disruptions and impact business operations and may result in any of the following: financial losses, interference with the Fund's ability to calculate its NAV, disclosure of confidential information, impediments to trading, submission of erroneous trades or erroneous creation or redemption orders, the inability of the Fund or its service providers to transact business, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, and other legal and compliance expenses. In addition, cyber incidents may render records of Fund assets and transactions, shareholder ownership of Fund shares, and other data integral to the Fund's functioning inaccessible, inaccurate or incomplete.

## **DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS**

A complete description of the Fund's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Fund's portfolio holdings is available in the Fund's Statement of Additional Information ("SAI").

## **MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND**

### **The Advisor**

Regan Capital LLC, located at 300 Crescent Court, Suite 1760, Dallas, Texas 75201-1876, is the Fund's advisor. The Advisor is a U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission registered investment advisory firm formed in 2011. In addition to the Fund, the Advisor currently provides investment advisory services to privately offered pooled investment funds and separately managed accounts. The Advisor is owned and controlled by Skyler Weinand, CFA, managing partner who holds greater than 25% interest in the units of the Advisor and is therefore a control person of the Advisor. As of October 31, 2025, the Advisor had assets under management of approximately \$3.4 billion.

The Advisor is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund in accordance with the Fund's investment objective and policies. The Advisor provides the personnel needed to fulfill its obligations under its advisory agreement, performs certain administrative services and furnishes office space necessary to perform such duties. For its services, the Fund pays the Advisor a monthly management fee that is calculated at the annual rate of 0.85% of the Fund's average daily net assets. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025, the Advisor received a fee of 0.93% of the Fund's average daily net assets after recoupment of fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements.

The Advisor has contractually agreed to waive a portion or all of its management fees and pay Fund expenses (other than front-end or contingent deferred loads, taxes, interest expense, brokerage commissions, acquired fund fees and expenses, portfolio transaction expenses, dividends paid on short sales, extraordinary expenses, or Rule 12b-1 fees) for each class in order to limit the total annual fund operating expenses of the Fund (after fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements) to 0.99% of average daily net assets. The expense cap will remain in effect through at least January 31, 2027 and may be terminated only by the Board. The Advisor may request recoupment from the Fund of previously waived fees and paid expenses for three years from the date such fees and expenses were waived or paid, provided that such recoupment does not cause the Fund's expense ratio (after the recoupment is taken into account) to exceed the lower of (1) the Expense Cap in place at the time such amounts were waived or paid or (2) the Fund's Expense Cap at the time of recoupment. Prior to February 1, 2025, the expense cap was 1.20%.

A discussion regarding the basis of the Board's most recent approval of the investment advisory agreement for the Fund will be available in the Fund's Form N-CSR for the period ending March 31, 2026.

### **Portfolio Managers**

Skyler Weinand, CFA and Chris Hall serve as the portfolio managers and are jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund and have acted in this capacity for the Fund since January 2024 and the Predecessor Fund since October 2020.

Skyler Weinand, CFA, Managing Partner of the Advisor, founded the Advisor in 2011. Prior to forming the Advisor, Mr. Weinand was head of residential and consumer asset-backed securities trading at Cantor Fitzgerald from July 2007 to March 2011. Prior to that, Mr. Weinand was responsible for trading a \$2+ billion mortgage-backed securities portfolio at Sit Investment Associates from July 2005 to June 2007. From 2001 to 2005 Mr. Weinand was employed with GMAC-RFC. Mr. Weinand is a graduate of the Carlson School of Management at the University of Minnesota with Bachelors' of Science Degrees in Finance and Management Information Systems.

Chris Hall, Senior Portfolio Manager of the Advisor joined the Advisor in June 2013. Prior to joining the Advisor, Mr. Hall was Partner and Co-Head of Sales at Auriga USA, LLC and a Director of Fixed Income Sales at KeyBanc Capital Markets. Mr. Hall is a graduate of Williams College, with a Bachelor of Arts in Economics.

The SAI provides additional information about the portfolio managers' compensation structure, other accounts that the portfolio managers manage, and the portfolio managers' ownership of shares.

## **SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION**

### **Pricing of Fund Shares**

Shares of the Fund are sold at NAV per share, plus any applicable sales charge, which is calculated as of the close of regular trading (generally, 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time) on each day that the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") is open for unrestricted business. However, the Fund's NAV may be calculated earlier if trading on the NYSE is restricted or as permitted by the SEC. The NYSE is closed on weekends and most national holidays, including New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Washington's Birthday/Presidents' Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Juneteenth National Independence Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. The NAV will not be calculated on days when the NYSE is closed for trading.

Purchase and redemption requests are priced based on the next NAV per share calculated after receipt of such requests and any applicable sales charge. The NAV is the value of the Fund's securities, cash and other assets, minus all expenses and liabilities (assets – liabilities = NAV). NAV per share is determined by dividing NAV by the number of shares outstanding ( $\text{NAV} / \# \text{ of shares} = \text{NAV per share}$ ). The NAV takes into account the expenses and fees of the Fund, including management and administration fees, which are accrued daily.

When determining NAV, the value of the Fund's portfolio investments is based on readily available market quotations, which generally means a reliable valuation obtained from an exchange or other market (or based on a price quotation or other equivalent indication of the value supplied by an exchange or other market), or fair value as determined by an independent pricing service and evaluated by the Advisor. If a market quotation is not readily available or does not otherwise accurately reflect the value of an investment, an investment will be valued by another method that the Advisor believes reflects fair value in accordance with the Trust's valuation policies and the Advisor's related procedures. Fair value pricing represents the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Accordingly, the Fund's NAV may reflect certain portfolio investments' fair values rather than their market prices.

Fair value pricing involves subjective judgments, and it is possible that a fair value determination for an investment will materially differ from the value that could be realized upon the sale of the investment.

Fair value pricing may be applied to non-U.S. investments. The trading hours for most non-U.S. investments end prior to the close of the NYSE, the time that the Fund's NAV is calculated. The occurrence of certain events after the close of non-U.S. markets, but prior to the close of the NYSE (such as a significant surge or decline in the

U.S. market) often will result in an adjustment to the trading prices of non-U.S. investments when non-U.S. markets open on the following business day. If such events occur, the Fund may value non-U.S. securities at fair value, taking into account such events, when it calculates its NAV. In such cases, use of fair valuation can reduce an investor's ability to seek to profit by estimating the Fund's NAV per share in advance of the time the NAV per share is calculated.

The independent pricing service may not distinguish between smaller-sized bond positions known as "odd lots" and larger institutional-sized bond positions known as "round lots". The Fund may fair value a particular bond if the Advisor does not believe that the round lot value provided by the independent pricing service reflects the fair value of the Fund's holding.

Other types of investments that the Fund may hold for which fair value pricing might be required include, but are not limited to: (a) investments which are not frequently traded and/or the market price of which the Advisor believes may be stale; (b) illiquid investments, including "restricted" securities and private placements for which there is no public market; (c) securities of an issuer that has entered into a restructuring; (d) securities whose trading has been halted or suspended; and (e) fixed income securities that have gone into default and for which there is not a current market value quotation.

If the Fund has portfolio investments that are primarily listed on foreign exchanges that trade on weekends or other days when the Fund does not price its shares, the NAV of the Fund's shares may change on days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or redeem the Fund's shares.

### **How to Buy Shares**

For the Investor Class, the minimum initial investment amount is \$1,000 and the minimum subsequent investment amount is \$100. For the Institutional Class, the minimum initial investment amount is \$100,000 and the minimum subsequent investment amount is \$500. Your financial intermediary may impose different investment minimums. Please contact them for additional details.

Although not limited to the list below, the Fund's minimum investment requirements may be waived from time to time by the Advisor, and for the following types of shareholders:

- current and retired employees, directors/trustees and officers of the Trust, the Advisor and its affiliates and certain family members of each of them (*i.e.*, spouse, domestic partner, child, parent, sibling, grandchild and grandparent, in each case including in-law, step and adoptive relationships);
- any shareholder with an aggregate investment of \$50,000 or more in the Fund;
- any trust, pension, profit sharing or other benefit plan for current and retired employees, directors/trustees and officers of the Advisor and its affiliates;
- current employees of the Fund's transfer agent, U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, (doing business as U.S. Bank Global Fund Services) (the "Transfer Agent"), broker-dealers who act as selling agents for the Fund, intermediaries that have marketing agreements in place with the Advisor and the immediate family members of any of them;
- existing clients of the Advisor, their employees and immediate family members of such employees;
- registered investment advisors who buy through a broker-dealer or service agent who has entered into an agreement with the Fund's distributor; and
- qualified broker-dealers who have entered into an agreement with the Fund's distributor.

You may purchase shares of the Fund by check, by wire transfer, via electronic funds transfer through the Automated Clearing House ("ACH") network through an authorized bank or through one or more brokers authorized by the Fund to receive purchase orders. Please use the appropriate account application when purchasing by mail or wire. If you have any questions or need further information about how to purchase shares of the Fund, you may call a customer service representative of the Fund toll-free at 888-44-REGAN (888-447-3426). The Fund reserves the right to reject any purchase order. For example, a purchase order may be refused if, in the

Advisor's opinion, it is so large that it would disrupt the management of the Fund. Orders may also be rejected from persons believed by the Fund to be "market timers."

All checks must be in U.S. dollars drawn on a domestic U.S. bank. The Fund will not accept payment in cash or money orders. The Fund does not accept postdated checks or any conditional order or payment. To prevent check fraud, the Fund will not accept third party checks, Treasury checks, credit card checks, traveler's checks or starter checks for the purchase of shares.

To buy shares of the Fund, complete an account application and send it together with your check for the amount you wish to invest in the Fund to the address below. To make additional investments once you have opened your account, write your account number on the check and send it together with the Invest by Mail form from your most recent shareholder statement received from the Transfer Agent. If you do not have the Invest by Mail form include the Fund name, your name, address, and account number on a separate piece of paper along with your check. If your payment is returned for any reason, your purchase will be canceled and a \$25 fee will be assessed against your account by the Transfer Agent. You may also be responsible for any loss sustained by the Fund.

All purchase requests must be received in "good order." "Good order" generally means that your purchase request includes the name of the Fund; the dollar amount of shares to be purchased; your account application or investment stub; and a check payable to the name of the Fund.

In addition to cash purchases, Fund shares may be purchased by tendering payment in-kind in the form of shares of stock, bonds or other securities. Any securities used to buy Fund shares must be readily marketable, their acquisition consistent with the Fund's objective and otherwise acceptable to the Advisor and the Board. For further information, you may call a customer service representative of the Fund toll-free at 888-44-REGAN (888-447-3426).

In compliance with the USA PATRIOT Act of 2001, please note that the Transfer Agent will verify certain information on your account application as part of the Trust's Anti-Money Laundering Program. As requested on the account application, you must supply your full name, date of birth, social security number and permanent street address. If you are opening the account in the name of a legal entity (e.g., partnership, limited liability company, business trust, corporation, etc.), you must also supply the identity of the beneficial owners. Mailing addresses containing only a P.O. Box will not be accepted. Please contact the Transfer Agent at 888-44-REGAN (888-447-3426) if you need additional assistance when completing your account application.

If the Transfer Agent does not have a reasonable belief of the identity of an investor, the account application will be rejected or the investor will not be allowed to perform a transaction on the account until such information is received. In the rare event that the Transfer Agent is unable to verify your identity, the Fund reserves the right to redeem your account at the current day's NAV.

Shares of the Fund have not been registered for sale outside of the United States. The Fund generally does not sell shares to investors residing outside of the United States, even if they are United States citizens or lawful permanent residents, except to investors with United States military APO or FPO addresses. The Fund reserves the right to refuse purchases from shareholders who must file a Form W-8.

### **Purchasing Shares by Mail**

Please complete the account application and mail it with your check, payable to the Fund to the Transfer Agent at the following address:

Regan Funds  
Regan Total Return Income Fund  
c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services  
P.O. Box 219252  
Kansas City, MO 64121-9252

You may not send an account application via overnight delivery to a United States Postal Service post office box. If you wish to use an overnight delivery service, send your account application and check to the Transfer Agent at the following address:



Regan Funds  
Regan Total Return Income Fund  
c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services  
801 Pennsylvania Ave, Suite 219252  
Kansas City, MO 64105-1307

**Note:** The Fund does not consider the U.S. Postal Service or other independent delivery services to be its agent. Therefore, a deposit in the mail or with such services, or receipt at U.S. Bancorp Global Fund Services, LLC's post office box, of purchase orders or redemption requests does not constitute receipt by the Transfer Agent. Receipt constitutes physical possession of the purchase order or redemption request by the Transfer Agent.

### **Purchasing Shares by Telephone**

If you accepted telephone options on your account application or by subsequent arrangement in writing with the Fund and your account has been open for at least seven business days, you may purchase additional shares by calling the Regan Total Return Income Fund's toll-free at 888-44-REGAN (888-447-3426). You may not make your initial purchase of Fund shares by telephone. Telephone orders will be accepted via electronic funds transfer from your pre-designated bank account through the ACH network. You must have banking information established on your account prior to making a telephone purchase. Only bank accounts held at domestic institutions that are ACH members may be used for telephone transactions. If your order is received prior to 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time, shares will be purchased at the appropriate share price next calculated. For security reasons, requests by telephone may be recorded. Once a telephone transaction has been placed, it cannot be cancelled or modified after the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally, 4:00 p.m., Eastern time).

### **Purchasing Shares by Wire**

If you are making your initial investment in the Fund, before wiring funds, the Transfer Agent must have a completed account application. You can mail or overnight deliver your account application to the Transfer Agent at the above address. Upon receipt of your completed account application, your account will be established and a service representative will contact you to provide your new account number and wiring instructions. If you do not receive this information within one business day, contact the Transfer Agent. Once your account is established, you may instruct your bank to send the wire. Your bank must include the name of the Fund, your name and your account number so that monies can be correctly applied. Your bank should transmit immediately available funds by wire to:

U.S. Bank National Association  
777 East Wisconsin Avenue  
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202  
ABA No. 075000022  
Credit: U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC  
Account No. 112-952-137  
Further Credit: Regan Total Return Income Fund  
Shareholder Registration  
Shareholder Account Number

If you are making a subsequent purchase, your bank should wire funds as indicated above. Before each wire purchase, you should be sure to notify the Transfer Agent. *It is essential that your bank include complete information about your account in all wire transactions.* If you have questions about how to invest by wire, you may call the Transfer Agent at 888-44-REGAN (888-447-3426). Your bank may charge you a fee for sending a wire payment to the Fund.

Wired funds must be received prior to 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time to be eligible for same day pricing. Neither the Fund nor U.S. Bank National Association are responsible for the consequences of delays resulting from the banking or Federal Reserve wire system or from incomplete wiring instructions.

## **Retirement Accounts**

The Fund offers prototype documents for a variety of retirement accounts for individuals and small businesses. Please call 888-44-REGAN (888-447-3426) for information on:

- Individual Retirement Plans, including Traditional IRAs and Roth IRAs.
- Small Business Retirement Plans, including Simple IRAs and SEP IRAs.

There may be special distribution requirements for a retirement account, such as required distributions or mandatory federal income tax withholdings. For more information, call the number listed above. Direct shareholder accounts may be charged a \$15 annual account maintenance fee for each retirement account up to a maximum of \$30 annually and a \$25 fee for transferring assets to another custodian or for closing a retirement account. Fees charged by other institutions may vary.

## **Automatic Investment Plan (the “AIP”)**

Once your account has been opened with the initial minimum investment you may make additional purchases at regular intervals through the AIP. The AIP provides a convenient method to have monies deducted from your bank account, for investment into the Fund, on a monthly, quarterly, semi-annual, and annual basis. In order to participate in the AIP, each purchase must be in the amount of \$100.00 for the Investor class or \$500.00 for the Institutional class or more, and your financial institution must be a member of the Automated Clearing House (ACH) network. If your bank rejects your payment, the Fund’s transfer agent will charge a \$25 fee to your account. To begin participating in the AIP, please complete the Automatic Investment Plan section on the account application or call the Fund’s transfer agent at 1-888-447-3426 for instructions. Any request to change or terminate your AIP should be submitted to the transfer agent 5 days prior to the effective date.

## **Purchasing and Selling Shares through a Broker**

You may buy and sell shares of the Fund through certain brokers and financial intermediaries (and their agents) (collectively, “Brokers”) that have made arrangements with the Fund to sell its shares. When you place your order with such a Broker, your order is treated as if you had placed it directly with the Transfer Agent, and you will pay or receive the next applicable price calculated by the Fund. The Fund will be deemed to have received a purchase or redemption order when an authorized broker, or, if applicable, a broker’s designee receives the order. The Broker holds your shares in an omnibus account in the Broker’s name, and the Broker maintains your individual ownership records. The Advisor may pay the Broker for maintaining these records as well as providing other shareholder services. The Broker may charge you a fee for handling your order. The Broker is responsible for processing your order correctly and promptly, keeping you advised regarding the status of your individual account, confirming your transactions and ensuring that you receive copies of the Fund’s Prospectus.

Institutional Shares may also be available on certain brokerage platforms. An investor transacting in Institutional Shares through a broker acting as an agent for the investor may be required to pay a commission and/or other forms of compensation to the broker.

## **How to Sell Shares**

You may sell (redeem) your Fund shares on any day the Fund and the NYSE are open for business either directly to the Fund or through your financial intermediary.

## **In Writing**

You may redeem your shares by simply sending a written request to the Transfer Agent. You should provide your account number and state whether you want all or some of your shares redeemed. The letter should be signed by all of the shareholders whose names appear on the account registration and include a signature guarantee(s), if necessary. If you have an IRA or other retirement plan, you must indicate on your written redemption request whether or not to withhold federal income tax. Redemption requests failing to indicate an election to have tax withheld will be subject to 10% withholding. You should send your redemption request to:



**Regular Mail**

Regan Total Return Income Fund  
c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services  
P.O. Box 219252  
Kansas City, MO 64121-9252

**Overnight Express Mail**

Regan Total Return Income Fund  
c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services  
801 Pennsylvania Ave, Suite 219252  
Kansas City, MO 64105-1307

**NOTE:** The Fund does not consider the U.S. Postal Service or other independent delivery services to be its agents. Therefore, a deposit in the mail or with such services, or receipt at U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC's post office box, of purchase orders or redemption requests does not constitute receipt by the Transfer Agent. Receipt constitutes physical possession of the purchase order or redemption request by the Transfer Agent.

**By Telephone**

If you accepted telephone options on your account application, you may redeem all or some of your shares, up to \$50,000, by calling the Transfer Agent at 888-44-REGAN (888-447-3426) before the close of trading on the NYSE. This is normally 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time. Redemption requests received before the close of trading on the NYSE will be priced based on NAV calculated as of the close of trading. Redemption proceeds will be processed on the next business day and sent to the address that appears on the Transfer Agent's records or via ACH to a previously established bank account. If you request, redemption proceeds will be wired on the next business day to the bank account you designated on the account application. A wire fee of \$15 will be deducted from your redemption proceeds for complete redemption and any redemption to redeem a specific number of shares. In the case of a partial redemption, the fee will be deducted from the remaining account balance. Telephone redemptions cannot be made if you notified the Transfer Agent of a change of address within 15 calendar days before the redemption request.

Shares held in IRA or other retirement accounts may be redeemed by telephone at 888-44-REGAN (888-447-3426). Investors will be asked whether or not to withhold federal income taxes from any distribution.

You may request telephone redemption privileges after your account is opened by calling the Transfer Agent at 888-44-REGAN (888-447-3426) for instructions.

You may encounter higher than usual call wait times during periods of high market activity. Please allow sufficient time to ensure that you will be able to complete your telephone transaction prior to market close. If you are unable to contact the Fund by telephone, you may mail your redemption request in writing to the address noted above. Once a telephone transaction has been accepted, it may not be canceled or modified after the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally, 4:00 p.m., Eastern time).

**Payment of Redemption Proceeds**

The Fund typically sends the redemption proceeds on the next business day (a day when the NYSE is open for normal business) after the redemption request is received in good order and prior to market close, regardless of whether the redemption proceeds are sent via check, wire, or ACH transfer. While not expected, payment of redemption proceeds may take up to seven days. If you did not purchase your shares with a wire payment, before selling recently purchased shares, please note that if the Transfer Agent has not yet collected payment for the shares you are selling, it may delay sending the proceeds until the payment is collected, which may take up to 15 calendar days from the purchase date.

**Redemption "In-Kind"**

The Fund typically expects to meet redemption requests by paying out proceeds from cash or cash equivalent portfolio holdings, or by selling portfolio holdings. In stressed market conditions, redemption methods may include paying redemption proceeds to you in whole or in part by a distribution of securities from the Fund's portfolio (a "redemption in-kind"). It is not expected that the Fund would do so except during unusual market conditions. The redemption in-kind would be a pro-rata distribution of portfolio assets. If the Fund pays your redemption proceeds by a distribution of securities, you could incur brokerage or other charges in converting the

securities to cash and will bear any market risks associated with such securities until they are converted into cash. A redemption in-kind is treated as a taxable transaction and a sale of the redeemed shares, generally resulting in capital gain or loss to you, subject to certain loss limitation rules. If the Fund held illiquid securities, such distribution may contain a pro rata portion of such illiquid securities or the Fund may determine, based on a materiality assessment, not to include illiquid securities in the in-kind redemption. If such securities are included in the distribution, shareholders may not be able to liquidate such securities and may be required to hold such securities indefinitely.

### **Signature Guarantees**

Signature guarantees will generally be accepted from domestic banks, brokers, dealers, credit unions, national securities exchanges, registered securities associations, clearing agencies and savings associations, as well as from participants in the New York Stock Exchange Medallion Signature Program and the Securities Transfer Agents Medallion Program. *A notary public is not an acceptable signature guarantor.*

A signature guarantee from either a Medallion program member or a non-Medallion program member is required to redeem shares in the following situations:

- If ownership is changed on your account
- When redemption proceeds are payable or sent to any person, address or bank account not on record
- When a redemption request is received by the Transfer Agent and the account address has changed within the last 15 calendar days
- For all redemptions in excess of \$50,000 from any shareholder account, including IRAs

The Fund or the Advisor may waive any of the above requirements in certain instances. In addition to the situations described above, the Fund, the Advisor, and/or the Transfer Agent reserve the right to require a signature guarantee in other instances based on the circumstances relative to the particular situation.

Non-financial transactions, including establishing or modifying certain services on an account, may require a signature guarantee, signature verification from a Signature Validation Program member, or other acceptable form of authentication from a financial institution source.

### **Other Information about Redemptions**

The Fund may redeem the shares in your account if the value of your account falls below \$500 as a result of redemptions you have made. This does not apply to retirement plan or Uniform Gifts or Transfers to Minors Act accounts. You will be notified that the value of your account is less than \$500 before the Fund makes an involuntary redemption. You will then have 30 days in which to make an additional investment to bring the value of your account to at least \$500 before the Fund takes any action.

## **DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS**

The Fund intends to declare income dividends daily and pay out income dividends, if any, monthly. The Fund also expects to distribute any net realized capital gains to its shareholders no less frequently than annually. The Fund may pay additional distributions and dividends in order to avoid a federal tax.

All distributions will be reinvested in additional Fund shares unless you choose one of the following options: (1) receive distributions of net capital gain in cash, while reinvesting net investment income distributions in additional Fund shares; (2) receive all distributions in cash; or (3) reinvest net capital gain distributions in additional Fund shares, while receiving distributions of net investment income in cash.

If you hold shares directly with the Fund and you elect to receive dividends and/or distributions in cash, you have the option to receive such dividends and/or distributions via a direct deposit to your bank account by check.

If you elect to receive distributions and/or capital gains in cash and the U.S. Postal Service cannot deliver the check, or if a check remains outstanding for six months, the Fund reserves the right to reinvest the distribution check in your account, at the applicable Fund's current NAV per share, and to reinvest all subsequent

distributions. If you wish to change your distribution option, notify the Transfer Agent in writing or by telephone at least 5 days prior to the record date for the next distribution.

## **TOOLS TO COMBAT FREQUENT TRANSACTIONS**

The Board has adopted policies and procedures to prevent frequent transactions in the Fund. The Fund discourages excessive, short-term trading and other abusive trading practices that may disrupt portfolio management strategies and harm the Fund's performance. The Fund takes steps to reduce the frequency and effect of these activities in the Fund. These steps include monitoring trading practices and using fair value pricing. Although these efforts are designed to discourage abusive trading practices, these tools cannot eliminate the possibility that such activity may occur. Further, while the Fund makes efforts to identify and restrict frequent trading, the Fund receives purchase and sale orders through financial intermediaries and cannot always know or detect frequent trading that may be facilitated by the use of intermediaries or the use of group or omnibus accounts by those intermediaries. The Fund seeks to exercise its judgment in implementing these tools to the best of its abilities in a manner that the Fund believes is consistent with shareholder interests.

### **Monitoring Trading Practices**

The Fund monitors selected trades in an effort to detect excessive short-term trading activities. If, as a result of this monitoring, the Fund believes that a shareholder has engaged in excessive short-term trading, it may, in its discretion, ask the shareholder to stop such activities or refuse to process purchases in the shareholder's accounts. In making such judgments, the Fund seeks to act in a manner that it believes is consistent with the best interests of shareholders. Due to the complexity and subjectivity involved in identifying abusive trading activity and the volume of shareholder transactions the Fund handles, there can be no assurance that the Fund's efforts will identify all trades or trading practices that may be considered abusive. In addition, the Fund's ability to monitor trades that are placed by individual shareholders within group or omnibus accounts maintained by financial intermediaries is limited because the Fund does not have simultaneous access to the underlying shareholder account information.

In compliance with Rule 22c-2 of the 1940 Act, the Fund's Distributor, on behalf of the Fund, has entered into written agreements with the Fund's financial intermediaries, under which the intermediary must, upon request, provide the Fund with certain shareholder and identity trading information so that the Fund can enforce its market timing policies.

The Fund employs fair value pricing selectively, as discussed under "Shareholder Information" above, to ensure greater accuracy in its daily NAV and to prevent dilution by frequent traders or market timers who seek to take advantage of temporary market anomalies.

## **TAX CONSEQUENCES**

Below are certain important U.S. federal income tax issues that affect the Fund and its shareholders. The summary is based on current tax law, which may be changed by legislative, judicial or administrative action. This summary does not address shareholders subject to special rules, such as those who hold Fund shares through an IRA or other tax-qualified plans, which are generally not subject to current tax. Transactions relating to shares held in such accounts may, however, be taxable at some time in the future. Except as specifically noted, the discussion is limited to federal income tax matters and does not address state, local, foreign or foreign taxes. You should consult your tax advisor for further information regarding federal, state, local and/or foreign tax consequences relevant to your specific situation.

The Fund has elected and intends to qualify each year for treatment as a registered investment company ("RIC"). If it meets certain minimum distribution requirements, a RIC is not subject to tax at the fund level on income and gains from investments that are timely distributed to shareholders. However, the Fund's failure to qualify as a RIC or to meet minimum distribution requirements would result (if certain relief provisions were not available) in fund-level taxation and, consequently, a reduction in income available for distribution to shareholders.

The Fund will typically make any distributions of dividends monthly and capital gains annually. Dividends of net investment income and distributions from the Fund's net short-term capital gains are taxable to you as ordinary

income or, in some cases, as qualified dividend income. Distributions from the Fund's net capital gain (the excess of its net long-term capital gains over its net short-term capital losses) are generally taxable to non-corporate shareholders at rates of up to 20%, regardless of how long the shareholders held their respective shares in the Fund. You will be taxed in the same manner whether you receive your dividends and capital gain distributions in cash or reinvest them in additional Fund shares.

Because the Fund is expected to invest in debt securities and not in equity securities of corporations, Fund distributions are not expected to be eligible for the reduced rates applicable to qualified dividend income applicable to individual shareholders or the corporate dividends received deduction for corporate shareholders.

A RIC that receives business interest income may pass through its net business interest income for purposes of the tax rules applicable to the interest expense limitations under Section 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). A RIC's total "Section 163(j) Interest Dividend" for a tax year is limited to the excess of the RIC's business interest income over the sum of its business interest expense and its other deductions properly allocable to its business interest income. A RIC may, in its discretion, designate all or a portion of ordinary dividends as Section 163(j) Interest Dividends, which would allow the recipient shareholder to treat the designated portion of such dividends as interest income for purposes of determining such shareholder's interest expense deduction limitation under Section 163(j). This can potentially increase the amount of a shareholder's interest expense deductible under Section 163(j). In general, to be eligible to treat a Section 163(j) Interest Dividend as interest income, you must have held your shares in the Fund for more than 180 days during the 361-day period beginning on the date that is 180 days before the date on which the share becomes ex-dividend with respect to such dividend. Section 163(j) Interest Dividends, if so designated by the Fund, will be reported to your financial intermediary or otherwise in accordance with the requirements specified by the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS").

A tax of 3.8% applies to all or a portion of net investment income of U.S. individuals with income exceeding specified thresholds, and to all or a portion of undistributed net investment income of certain estates and trusts. Net investment income generally includes for this purpose dividends and capital gain distributions paid by the Fund and gain on the redemption of Fund shares. This 3.8% tax also applies to all or a portion of the undistributed net investment income of certain shareholders that are estates and trusts.

Any dividend or capital gain distribution paid by the Fund has the effect of reducing the NAV per share on the ex-dividend date by the amount of the dividend or capital gain distribution. You should note that a dividend or capital gain distribution paid on shares purchased shortly before that dividend or capital gain distribution was declared will be subject to income taxes even though the dividend or capital gain distribution represents, in substance, a partial return of capital to you. This is known as "buying a dividend" and generally should be avoided by taxable investors.

Although distributions are generally taxable when received, certain distributions declared in October, November, or December to shareholders of record on a specified date in such a month but paid the following January are taxable as if received in December of the year in which the dividend is declared.

The Fund (or its administrative agent) will send you a report annually summarizing the amount and tax aspects of your distributions.

If you are not a citizen or permanent resident of the United States, the Fund's ordinary income dividends will generally be subject to a 30% U.S. withholding tax, unless a lower treaty rate applies or unless such income is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. The 30% withholding tax generally will not apply to distributions of the Fund's net capital gain that is reported by the Fund as capital gain dividends. The Fund may, under certain circumstances, report all or a portion of a dividend as an "interest-related dividend" or a "short-term capital gain dividend," which would generally be exempt from this 30% U.S. withholding tax, provided certain other requirements are met. Short-term capital gain dividends received by a nonresident alien individual who is present in the United States for a period or periods aggregating 183 days or more during the taxable year are not exempt from this 30% withholding tax. Different tax consequences may result if you are a foreign shareholder engaged in a trade or business within the United States or if you are a foreign shareholder entitled to claim the

benefits of a tax treaty. Foreign investors in the Fund are encouraged to consult their tax advisor prior to investing in the Fund.

The Fund must withhold as backup withholding a percentage of your taxable distributions and redemption proceeds if you (1) have provided the Fund either an incorrect tax identification number or no number at all, (2) are subject to backup withholding by the IRS for failure to properly report payments of interest or dividends, (3) have failed to certify to the Fund that you are not subject to backup withholding, or (4) have not certified to the Fund that you are a U.S. person (including a U.S. resident alien). The backup withholding rate is currently 24%. Backup withholding will not, however, be applied to payments that have been subject to the 30% withholding tax applicable to shareholders who are neither citizens nor residents of the United States.

The Fund will be required to report to the IRS all distributions of taxable income and capital gains as well as gross proceeds from the redemption of Fund shares, except in the case of exempt shareholders, which includes most corporations. The Fund will also be required to report tax basis information for such shares and indicate whether these shares had a short-term or long-term holding period. If a shareholder has a different basis for different shares of the Fund in the same account (e.g., if a shareholder purchased shares in the same account at different times for different prices), the Fund calculates the basis of the shares sold using its default method unless the shareholder has properly elected to use a different method. The Fund's default method for calculating basis is the average cost method. A shareholder may elect, on an account-by-account basis, to use a method other than average cost by following procedures established by the Fund or its administrative agent. If such an election is made on or prior to the date of the first exchange or redemption of shares in the account and on or prior to the date that is one year after the shareholder receives notice of the Fund's default method, the new election will generally apply as if the average cost method had never been in effect for such account. Shareholders should consult their tax advisors concerning the tax consequences of applying the average cost method or electing another method of basis calculation. Shareholders also should carefully review any cost basis information provided to them and make any additional basis, holding period or other adjustments that are required when reporting these amounts on their federal income tax returns.

Each sale, exchange, or redemption of shares of the Fund is considered a taxable and will generally result in capital gain or loss if you hold your Fund shares as capital assets. The gain or loss generally will be treated as short-term capital gain or loss if you held the shares twelve months or less, long term capital gain or loss if you held the shares for longer. Any capital loss on the sale of Fund shares held for six months or less is treated as long-term capital loss to the extent that capital gain dividends were paid with respect to such Fund shares. You are responsible for any tax liabilities generated by your transaction. The Code limits the deductibility of capital losses in certain circumstances. An exchange of shares of one class directly for shares of another class of the Fund generally should not be a taxable exchange for U.S. federal income tax purposes. You should talk to your tax advisor before making an exchange.

To the extent the Fund invests in foreign securities, it may be subject to foreign withholding taxes with respect to dividends or interest the Fund received from sources in foreign countries. If more than 50% of the total assets of the Fund consists of foreign securities, the Fund will be eligible to elect to treat some of those taxes as a distribution to shareholders, which would allow shareholders to offset some of their U.S. federal income tax. The Fund (or its administrative agent) will notify you if it makes such an election and provide you with the information necessary to reflect foreign taxes paid on your income tax return.

Additional information concerning taxation of the Fund and its shareholders is contained in the SAI. Tax consequences are not the primary consideration of the Fund in making its investment decisions. If you have a tax-advantaged retirement account, you will generally not be subject to federal taxation on any dividends and capital gain distributions until you begin receiving your distributions from your retirement account. **You should consult your own tax advisor concerning federal, state and local taxation of distributions from the Fund.**



## **SHARE CLASS INFORMATION AND DISTRIBUTION ARRANGEMENTS**

### **Description of Class**

The Trust has adopted a multiple class plan that allows the Fund to offer one or more classes of shares of the Fund. The Fund offers two classes of shares – Investor Class and Institutional Class. The different classes of shares represent investments in the same portfolio of securities, but the classes are subject to different expenses as discussed below.

### **Distribution Plan (Rule 12b-1)**

The Trust has adopted a plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 for the Fund's Investor Class only that would allow the Fund to pay fees for the sale, distribution and servicing of its Investor Class. The plan provides for a distribution and servicing fee of up to 0.25% of the Investor Class shares' average daily net assets. Because these fees are paid out over the life of the Fund's Investor Class shares, over time, these fees (to the extent they are accrued and paid) would increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges. Institutional Class shares of the Fund are not subject to Rule 12b-1 fees.

The Fund has policies and procedures in place for the monitoring of payments to broker-dealers and other financial intermediaries for distribution-related and non-distribution activities such as sub-transfer agent, administrative, and other shareholder servicing services.

### **Additional Payments to Dealers**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Institutional Class shares may also be available on brokerage platforms of firms that have agreements with the Fund's distributor to offer such shares solely when acting as an agent for the investor. An investor transacting in these programs may be required to pay a commission and/or other forms of compensation to the broker. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

### **Distributor**

Quasar Distributors, LLC ("Quasar" or "Distributor"), a wholly-owned broker-dealer subsidiary of Foreside Financial Group, LLC, is located at 190 Middle Street, Suite 301, Portland, Maine 04101, and is the distributor for the shares of the Fund. Quasar is a registered broker-dealer and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority. Shares of the Fund are offered on a continuous basis.

### **Service Fees – Other Payments to Third Parties**

The Advisor, out of its own resources, and without additional cost to the Fund or its shareholders, may provide cash payments or non-cash compensation to financial intermediaries who sell shares of the Fund. Such payments and compensation would be in addition to Rule 12b-1 and service fees paid by the Fund. These additional cash payments are generally made to intermediaries that provide shareholder servicing, marketing support and/or access to sales meetings, sales representatives and management representatives of the intermediary. Cash compensation may also be paid to intermediaries for inclusion of the Fund on a sales list, in other sales programs or as an expense reimbursement in cases where the intermediary provides shareholder services to the Fund's shareholders. The Advisor may also pay cash compensation in the form of finder's fees that vary depending on the dollar amount of the shares sold.

## **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

### **Inactive Accounts**

The Fund is legally obligated to escheat (or transfer) abandoned property to the appropriate state's unclaimed property administrator in accordance with statutory requirements. The investor's last known address of record determines which state has jurisdiction. Your mutual fund account may be transferred to your state of residence if

no activity occurs within your account during the “inactivity period” specified in your state’s abandoned property laws.

It is important that the Fund maintains a correct address for each investor. An incorrect address may cause an investor’s account statements and other mailings to be returned to the Fund. Based upon statutory requirements for returned mail, the Fund will attempt to locate the investor or rightful owner of the account. If the Fund is unable to locate the investor, then they will determine whether the investor’s account can legally be considered abandoned. Investors with a state of residence in Texas have the ability to designate a representative to receive legislatively required unclaimed property due diligence notifications. Please contact the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts for further information.

### **Fund Mailings**

Statements and reports that the Fund sends to you include the following:

- Confirmation statements (after every transaction that affects your account balance or your account registration);
- Annual and semi-annual shareholder reports (“shareholder reports”) (every six months); and
- Quarterly account statements.

As permitted by regulations adopted by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, paper copies of the Fund’s shareholder reports are no longer sent by mail, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports from the Fund or from your financial intermediary, such as a broker-dealer or bank. Instead, the reports are made available on the Fund’s website, [www.reganfunds.com](http://www.reganfunds.com), and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report.

You may elect to receive shareholder reports and other communications from the Fund electronically by contacting your financial intermediary, such as a broker-dealer or bank, or, if you are a direct investor, by calling the Fund toll-free at 888-44-REGAN (888-447-3426).

You may elect to receive all future reports in paper free of charge. If you invest through a financial intermediary, you can contact your financial intermediary to request that you continue to receive paper copies of your shareholder reports. If you invest directly with the Fund, you can call the Fund toll-free at 888-44-REGAN (888-447-3426) to let the Fund know you wish to continue receiving paper copies of your shareholder reports. Your election to receive reports in paper will apply to all Funds held in your account if you invest through your financial intermediary.

### **Householding**

In an effort to decrease costs, the Fund intends to reduce the number of duplicate prospectuses, proxy statements and other similar documents you receive by sending only one copy of each to those addresses shared by two or more accounts and to shareholders the Transfer Agent reasonably believes are from the same family or household. Once implemented, if you would like to discontinue householding for your accounts, please call toll-free at 888-44-REGAN (888-447-3426) to request individual copies of these documents. Once the Transfer Agent receives notice to stop householding, the Transfer Agent will begin sending individual copies thirty days after receiving your request. This policy does not apply to account statements.

### **General Policies**

Some of the following policies are mentioned above. In general, the Fund reserves the right to:

- Refuse, change, discontinue, or temporarily suspend account services, including purchase, or telephone redemption privileges, for any reason;
- Reject any purchase request for any reason. Generally, the Fund will do this if the purchase is disruptive to the efficient management of the Fund (due to the timing of the investment or an investor’s history of excessive trading);



- Redeem all shares in your account if your balance falls below the minimum initial investment amount due to redemption activity. If, within 30 days of the Fund's written request, you have not increased your account balance, you may be required to redeem your shares. The Fund will not require you to redeem shares if the value of your account drops below the investment minimum due to fluctuations of NAV;
- Delay paying redemption proceeds for more than seven calendar days after receiving a request under the circumstances described below; and
- Reject any purchase or redemption request that does not contain all required documentation and is not in good order.

Before redeeming recently purchased shares, please note that if the Transfer Agent has not yet collected payment for the shares you are redeeming, it may delay sending the proceeds until the payment is collected, which may take up to 15 calendar days from the purchase date. This delay will not apply if you purchased your shares via wire payment. Furthermore, there are certain times when you may be unable to redeem the Fund's shares or receive proceeds. Specifically, the Fund may suspend the right to redeem shares or postpone the date of payment upon redemption for more than seven calendar days for:

1. any period during which the NYSE is closed (other than customary week-end or holiday closings) or trading on the NYSE is restricted;
2. any period during which an emergency exists as a result of which disposal by the Fund of securities it owns is not reasonably practicable or it is not reasonably practicable for the Fund fairly to determine the value of its net assets; or
3. such other periods as the SEC may permit for the protection of the Fund's shareholders.

If you accepted telephone options on the account application or in a letter to the Fund, you may be responsible for any fraudulent telephone orders as long as the Fund has taken reasonable precautions to verify your identity. Before executing an instruction received by telephone, the Transfer Agent will use reasonable procedures to confirm that the telephone instructions are genuine. The telephone call may be recorded and the caller may be asked to verify certain personal identification information. If the Fund or its agents follow these procedures, they cannot be held liable for any loss, expense or cost arising out of any telephone redemption request that is reasonably believed to be genuine. This includes fraudulent or unauthorized requests. If an account has more than one owner or authorized person, the Fund will accept telephone instructions from any one owner or authorized person. In addition, once you place a telephone transaction request, it cannot be canceled or modified after the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally, 4:00 p.m. Eastern time).

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial highlights tables are intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance for the past five fiscal years. Financial information presented for periods prior to January 19, 2024 is for the Predecessor Fund. The Fund is the accounting successor to the Predecessor Fund and has adopted the performance, financial statements and other historical information of the Predecessor Fund.

The total returns in each table represent the rate that an investor would have earned or lost on an investment in the Fund, assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions. The financial information, except for the fiscal years ended 2021 and 2022, were audited by Cohen & Company, Ltd., the Fund's independent registered public accounting firm, whose report, along with the Fund's financial statements, are included in the Fund's [annual report](#), which is available upon request and on the Fund's website at [www.reganfunds.com](http://www.reganfunds.com). The information for the fiscal years ended 2021 and 2022 were audited by the Predecessor Fund's previous independent registered public accounting firm.

<b>Institutional Class For a Capital Share Outstanding Throughout Each Period Presented:</b>	<b>For the Year Ended September 30, 2025</b>	<b>For the Year Ended September 30, 2024</b>	<b>For the Year Ended September 30, 2023</b>	<b>For the Year Ended September 30, 2022</b>	<b>For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 <sup>(1)</sup></b>
<b>Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period</b>	\$ 9.52	\$ 9.14	\$ 9.29	\$ 10.27	\$ 10.00
<b>Income from Investment Operations:</b>					
Net investment income <sup>(2)</sup>	0.49	0.58	0.99	0.74	0.95
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	0.10	0.38	(0.58)	(0.89)	0.49
<b>Total Loss from Investment Operations</b>	<b>0.59</b>	<b>0.96</b>	<b>0.41</b>	<b>(0.15)</b>	<b>1.44</b>
<b>Less Distributions:</b>					
From net investment income	(0.41)	(0.58)	(0.56)	(0.45)	(0.82) <sup>(3)</sup>
From net realized gain on investments	(0.06)	—	—	(0.02)	(0.06)
From return of capital	—	—	—	(0.36)	(0.29) <sup>(3)</sup>
<b>Total Distributions</b>	<b>(0.47)</b>	<b>(0.58)</b>	<b>(0.56)</b>	<b>(0.83)</b>	<b>(1.17)</b>
<b>Net Asset Value, End of Period</b>	<b>\$ 9.64</b>	<b>\$ 9.52</b>	<b>\$ 9.14</b>	<b>\$ 9.29</b>	<b>\$ 10.27</b>
<b>Total Return</b>	<b>6.41 %</b>	<b>10.71 %</b>	<b>4.52 %</b>	<b>(1.65)%</b>	<b>14.96 %</b>
<b>Supplemental Data and Ratios:</b>					
Net assets, end of period (in thousands)	\$ 1,452,382	\$ 805,987	\$ 404,455	\$ 180,600	\$ 52,283
Ratio of expenses to average net assets*					
Before fees waived, reimbursed and recouped by the Advisor	1.08 %	1.19 %	1.27 %	1.40 %	2.56 %
After fees waived, reimbursed and recouped by the Advisor	1.02 %	1.24 %	1.30 %	1.30 %	1.28 %
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets					
After fees waived, reimbursed and recouped by the Advisor	5.10 %	6.06 %	10.62 %	7.61 %	9.15 %
Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(4)</sup>	28.36 %	28.96 %	22.39 %	62.88 %	88.09 %

\* Effective February 1, 2025, the advisor reduced the expense cap from 1.20% to 0.99% of net assets.

<sup>(1)</sup> Inception date of the Fund was October 1, 2020.

<sup>(2)</sup> Per share amounts have been calculated using the average shares method.

<sup>(3)</sup> Amount does not accord to the Fund's annual report dated September 30, 2021 due to revisions to the tax characterization of distributions that were made after the issuance of the annual report. The revisions were the result of the Fund's election to defer accretion on market discount until disposition.

<sup>(4)</sup> Portfolio turnover rate is calculated for the Fund without distinguishing between classes.

<b>Investor Class For a Capital Share Outstanding Throughout Each Period Presented:</b>	<b>For the Year Ended September 30, 2025</b>	<b>For the Year Ended September 30, 2024</b>	<b>For the Year Ended September 30, 2023</b>	<b>For the Year Ended September 30, 2022</b>	<b>For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 <sup>(1)</sup></b>
<b>Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period</b>	\$ 9.59	\$ 9.22	\$ 9.36	\$ 10.36	\$ 10.00
<b>Gain from Investment Operations:</b>					
Net investment income <sup>(2)</sup>	0.46	0.56	0.99	0.72	1.03
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	0.12	0.37	(0.59)	(0.90)	0.41
<b>Total Gain (loss) from Investment Operations</b>	<b>0.58</b>	<b>0.93</b>	<b>0.40</b>	<b>(0.18)</b>	<b>1.44</b>
<b>Less Distributions:</b>					
From net investment income	(0.39)	(0.56)	(0.54)	(0.44)	(0.75) <sup>(3)</sup>
From net realized gain on investments	(0.06)	—	—	(0.02)	(0.06)
From return of capital	—	—	—	(0.36)	(0.27) <sup>(3)</sup>
<b>Total Distributions</b>	<b>(0.45)</b>	<b>(0.56)</b>	<b>(0.54)</b>	<b>(0.82)</b>	<b>(1.08)</b>
<b>Net Asset Value, End of Period</b>	<b>\$ 9.72</b>	<b>\$ 9.59</b>	<b>\$ 9.22</b>	<b>\$ 9.36</b>	<b>\$ 10.36</b>
<b>Total Return</b>	<b>6.23 %</b>	<b>10.27 %</b>	<b>4.36 %</b>	<b>(1.91)%</b>	<b>14.72 %</b>
<b>Supplemental Data and Ratios:</b>					
Net assets, end of period (in thousands)	\$ 141,274	\$ 67,954	\$ 18,308	\$ 5,031	\$ 816
<b>Ratio of expenses to average net assets*</b>					
Before fees waived, reimbursed and recouped by the Advisor	1.33 %	1.44 %	1.52 %	1.67 %	5.23 %
After fees waived, reimbursed and recouped by the Advisor	1.26 %	1.48 %	1.55 %	1.54 %	1.53 %
<b>Ratio of net investment income to average net assets</b>					
After fees waived, reimbursed and recouped by the Advisor	4.75 %	5.89 %	10.54 %	7.36 %	9.89 %
Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(4)</sup>	28.36 %	28.96 %	22.39 %	62.88 %	88.09 %

\* Effective February 1, 2025, the advisor reduced the expense cap from 1.20% to 0.99% of net assets.

<sup>(1)</sup> Inception date of the Fund was October 1, 2020.

<sup>(2)</sup> Per share amounts have been calculated using the average shares method.

<sup>(3)</sup> Amount does not accord to the Fund's annual report dated September 30, 2021 due to revisions to the tax characterization of distributions that were made after the issuance of the annual report. The revisions were the result of the Fund's election to defer accretion on market discount until disposition.

<sup>(4)</sup> Portfolio turnover rate is calculated for the Fund without distinguishing between classes.

## **PRIVACY NOTICE**

The Fund collects non-public information about you from the following sources:

- Information we receive about you on applications or other forms;
- Information you give us orally; and/or
- Information about your transactions with us or others.

We do not disclose any non-public personal information about our customers or former customers without the customer's authorization, except as permitted by law or in response to inquiries from governmental authorities. We may share information with affiliated and unaffiliated third parties with whom we have contracts for servicing the Fund. We will provide unaffiliated third parties with only the information necessary to carry out their assigned responsibilities. We maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards to guard your personal information and require third parties to treat your personal information with the same high degree of confidentiality.

In the event that you hold shares of the Fund through a financial intermediary, including, but not limited to, a broker-dealer, bank, or trust company, the privacy policy of your financial intermediary would govern how your non-public personal information would be shared with unaffiliated third parties.

**Investment Advisor**

Regan Capital LLC  
300 Crescent Court, Suite 1760  
Dallas, Texas 75201

**Distributor**

Quasar Distributors, LLC  
190 Middle Street, Suite 301  
Portland, Maine 04101

**Custodian**

U.S. Bank National Association  
Custody Operations  
1555 North Rivercenter Drive, Suite 302  
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53212

**Transfer Agent**

U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC  
615 East Michigan Street  
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202

**Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

Cohen & Company, Ltd.  
1835 Market Street, Suite 310  
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103

**Legal Counsel**

Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LLP  
1111 Pennsylvania Avenue NW  
Washington, D.C. 20004

## **Regan Funds**

### **Regan Total Return Income Fund**

You can find more information about the Fund in the following documents:

#### **Statement of Additional Information**

The SAI provides additional details about the investments and techniques of the Fund and certain other additional information. A current SAI is on file with the SEC and is incorporated into this Prospectus by reference. This means that the SAI is legally considered a part of this Prospectus even though it is not physically within this Prospectus.

#### **Annual and Semi-Annual Reports and Form N-CSR**

Additional information about the Fund's investments is available in the Fund's annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders and in Form N-CSR. In the annual report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Fund's performance during its last fiscal year. In Form N-CSR, you will find the Fund's annual and semi-annual financial statements.

The SAI, the annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders, and other information such as the Fund's financial statements are available free of charge on the Fund's website at [www.reganfunds.com](http://www.reganfunds.com). You can obtain a free copy of the SAI, annual and semi-annual reports, and financial statements, and request other information, or make general inquiries about the Fund by calling (toll-free) 888-44-REGAN (888-447-3426) or by writing to:

Regan Total Return Income Fund  
c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services  
P.O. Box 219252  
Kansas City, MO 64121-9252

Reports and other information about the Fund are available:

- Free of charge from the SEC's EDGAR database on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>; or
- For a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov).

(The Trust's SEC Investment Company Act file number is 811-23859.)